





# Pest management must include managing introductions





Find pests that get in before an infestation grows











and...

### Take action

Use more than one control method

Methods must be economical and pose the
least possible risk to people, property, and
the environment







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# Integrated Pest Management (IPM)

- 1. Inspect and monitor
- 2. Identify
- 3. Determine the scale of response
- 4. Respond
  - Non-chemical control
  - Changing people's behavior
  - Chemical control
  - Biological control
- 5. Evaluate effectiveness

You are a bed bug

Bed bug crawling into a screw hole

# What is a bed bug?

- A blood-sucking insect
- Flat
- Range in size from a sesame seed to a apple
- Light brown to mahogany red depending when they last fed



Adult bed bug feeding on a human

# Bed bugs are health hazards

Bed bugs do not transmit disease, but they are a pest of significant public health importance

- Cause secondary infections after people scratch their bed bug bites
- Result in stress, loss of work, loss of productivity, loss of sleep, and financial burden
- Are unwelcome in our homes and workplaces

## Bed bug life cycle







Unfed

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# Bed bug behavior

- Most active at night
- Hide in cracks and crevices, often in groups
- Cannot fly, jump, or burrow into skin... they crawl
- Hitchhike on coats, bags, furniture, wheelchairs...



Bed bug crawling into a screw hole to hide

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## What bed bugs eat and drink

Blood





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## Can be confused with...

- Ticks
- Cockroach nymphs
- Other kinds of bug bites
- Allergic reactions to chemicals



ick









Mosquito Bites

Cockroach Nymph

Spider Beetle

# Signs of bed bugs

- Dead bed bugs
- Live bed bugs
- Bites
- Fecal spots
- Shed skins



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## Where bed bugs live



# Advice for staff, health aides, and contractors

- In units:
  - Avoid sitting or placing items on potentially infested surfaces
  - Wear a protective layer when moving infested items
- In the main office/community areas:
  - Replace fabric-covered furniture that has many crevices with plastic or metal items
  - Have residents set their belongings in plastic totes during meetings

#### Interview

- Find out where people sleep
- Find out where people put the things that come in/out of the unit
- Note financial, physical, or cognitive limitations that could influence treatment
- Use a flashlight and look around sleeping areas and areas where introduction is likely

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# Inspection

- Always use a flashlight
- ☀ If bed bugs are found, inspect all adjacent units
- Two types
  - Visual
  - Scent detecting canine



## Monitoring

- Trap and kill bed bugs
- Determine how bad the infestation is
- Two types
  - Passive
  - Active



Passive, moat-style interceptor

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## Include the resident in the plan

- Encourage patience and cooperation
- Give them an idea of the treatment timeline

#### Ask residents to NOT:

- · fog/bomb,
- use their own pesticides,
- throw away items,
- change too much until a professional arrives to inspect or treat

#### Give them control options:

- · vacuum with a pantyhose,
- clothes dryer for 30 minutes on high heat,
- encasements and interceptors,
- isolate belongings in plastic totes/bags
- protect the community 22

### **Treatment options**

- Pesticides
  - Spray
  - Dust
  - Fumigation
- Heat
  - Dryer
  - Steam
  - Container
  - · Whole unit
- Freezing with Liquid CO<sub>2</sub>
- Vacuuming
- Isolation
  - . Encasements

  - · Clear bags
  - · Closed plastic containers
  - · Interception devices

### Questions?

#### In-house options (minimum training)

- Encasement
- Monitoring
- Quick (15 min) visual inspection
- Steam
- Clothes Dryer
- Vacuum
- Heat chamber (FL model)
- Diatomaceous Earth (APPLICATOR'S LICENSE)
- Resident training/support

#### Leave it to the experts

- · Canine inspection
- · Whole-unit heat treatment
- Pesticide application
- Thorough inspection
- Active Monitoring

